Symposium On Strabismus: Transactions Of The New Orleans Academy Of Ophthalmology

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Another procedure. The random-dot stereogram offers no monocular clues as to the presence of a large circle in the center of the upper right quadrant and a smaller circle in the center of the lower left quadrant. Cards and vectographs that attempt to qualify stereopsis are graded in different ways. Aniseikonia of greater than 5% is incompatible with testing higher levels of stereoacuity with the Titmus and TNO tests. 26. 18 reported a new test (the Lang test) based on planographic presentation of a random-dot pattern. 15-4) embedded in random dots on the test card.