Sexual Attraction And Childhood Association: A Chinese Brief For Edward Westermarck

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The co-socialization approach has been expanded by assessing the impact of early childhood association on the success and appeal of consanguineous marriages. The Westermarck Effect hypothesis that early childhood co-socialization leads to a lack of sexual interest at maturity is thus supported for female participants but not for male participants. These results are consistent with expectations from parental investment theory that females should show greater inbreeding-avoidance than males do because of the greater costs females suffer as a consequence of inbreeding depression. Sexual attraction and childhood association: A Chinese brief for Edward Westermarck. Article. Jan 1995. The Westermarck effect, first proposed by Edvard Westermarck in 1891, is the theory that children reared together, regardless of biological relationship, form a sentimental attachment that is by its nature non-erotic.[23] Melford Spiro argued that his observations that unrelated children reared together on Israeli Kibbutzim nevertheless avoided one another as sexual partners confirmed the Westermarck Effect.[24] Joseph Shepherd in a. Sexual attraction and childhood association: a Chinese brief for Edward Westermarck. Stanford, CA: Stanford University Press. ^ Lieberman, D.; Tooby, J.; Cosmides, L. (2007).